

FRAMEWORK AND REGULATIONS FOR SCHOOL CENTRED INITIAL TEACHER TRAINING AWARDS

Introduction

1. The following paragraphs provide the framework and regulations for School Centred Initial Teacher Training programmes at the University of Suffolk leading to the awards of Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE) or Professional Graduate Certificate in Education (PGCE).

2. The academic standards of all awards at the University of Suffolk should be aligned with the levels and qualification descriptors outlined in [Part A of the UK Quality Code for Higher Education](#) and the accompanying [Frameworks for Higher Education Qualifications of UK Degree Awarding Bodies \(2014\)](#) (FHEQ). Alignment with these external reference points is considered as part of course validation and re-approval processes, and through quality monitoring mechanisms. At least one appropriately qualified and experienced external examiner will be appointed to each course, in accordance with the *External Examiners Policy* and with any additional appointment criteria as determined at the point of course validation.

Structure and timing of course delivery

3. The academic year (hereafter described as an academic session) is divided into three terms of approximately equal length. The structure and timing of the delivery of teaching and assessment will be approved at the point of validation and laid out in the Student Handbook for the course. Full-time Professional Graduate Certificate in Education students are normally required to attend the institution and undertake practical school-based training for periods amounting to at least 34 weeks within the academic year, and full-time Postgraduate Certificate in Education students are normally required to attend the institution and undertake practical school-based training for periods amounting to at least 38 weeks within the academic year. Part-time Postgraduate Certificate in Education students are normally required to attend the institution and undertake practical school-based training for periods amounting to at least 38 weeks spread over two academic years. During that time, students are normally expected to undertake periods of study, tuition or professional practice as set by the relevant professional body.

4. Courses are managed by Programme Committees and Management Groups constituted in accordance with the expectations outlined in the *Management of Courses Policy*.

Modules and credit

5. Academic and professional study will be organised into modules, with modules valued in terms of credits. Credit is a means of quantifying and recognising learning: one credit represents 10 notional hours of learning (including formal classes, preparation time, professional practice, independent study, revision and the completion of assessment), and credit is awarded when the specified learning outcomes for the module have been successfully demonstrated.

6. One academic session of full-time study is equivalent to 120 credits, with modules assigned credit in multiples of 20 (with a 20 credit module representing 200 notional hours of learning). The delivery of modules over a single term or over the whole of an academic session is permitted where approved through validation.

7. All modules within the programmes are designated as mandatory modules but in some cases, where approved through validation, students will have a choice in terms of which mandatory module to take depending on their chosen specialism (for example early years or primary education). Mandatory modules are central to the programme of study, and therefore students must take and pass them in order to meet the requirements of the award. The programmes integrate theory and professional practice in accordance with statutory requirements. The modules should be specified clearly in the definitive course record and associated course documentation presented for course validation and re-approval.

Level of study

8. Modules within the Professional Graduate Certificate in Education are offered at Level 6 of the FHEQ. Modules within the Postgraduate Certificate in Education are offered at Levels 6 and/or 7 of the FHEQ.

9. Students cannot request a transfer from the Postgraduate Certificate in Education to the Professional Graduate Certificate in Education or vice versa.

Mode of study

10. As approved through validation, the Initial Teacher Training programmes may provide opportunities for study by full-time or part-time mode. The normal study load for a student studying full-time will be modules to the value of 120 credits (subject to a maximum of 80 credits in any one semester) in one academic session. A student studying part-time will normally be permitted to study between 20 and 80 credits in one academic session, subject to a maximum of 40 credits in any one semester. Students may be permitted to transfer from full-

time to part-time registration and vice-versa with the approval of the Course Leader and the Head of Department of Children, Young People and Education or designate.

Maximum registration periods

11. The expectation is that a student will complete his/her award within the following maximum periods of registration, with the student being required by the relevant Assessment Board to withdraw from their course if this maximum period of registration is exceeded. A student's period of registration may be extended beyond the maximum by the relevant Assessment Board, in liaison with the Academic Registrar, only in exceptional circumstances and where the currency of learning undertaken up until that point can be adequately assured.

Award	Full-time study		Part-time study	
	Normal period of registration (years)	Maximum period of registration (years)	Normal period of registration (years)	Maximum period of registration (years)
Postgraduate Certificate in Education or Professional Graduate Certificate in Education	1	2	2	3

12. Where a student intercalates in accordance with the *Extenuating Circumstances Policy* (normally for a maximum duration of one academic year), the period of intercalation counts as part of the maximum period of registration.

Pre- and co-requisite modules

13. Modules may be linked in such a way that a student is required to take one concurrently with another, in which case these modules shall be designated as co-requisites of each other within the module specifications.

14. Modules may be linked such that a student is required to have passed one module or equivalent study/experience prior to studying another, in which case the former module or equivalent study/experience shall be designated as a pre-requisite for the latter within the module specifications.

Credit requirements for achievement of the award

15. The amount and level of credit that must be successfully achieved for an award to be granted is outlined below, based on the FHEQ.

Award	Credit requirement
Professional Graduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)	120 credits at Level 6
Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)	120 credits, including 60 credits at Level 6 and 60 credits at Level 7

16. Applicants to the SCITT programmes with relevant experience at an appropriate level may apply for recognition of prior learning for up to 20 credits, in accordance with the requirements of the *Recognition of Prior Learning Policy*.

Assessment of individual modules

17. Assessment shall be undertaken in accordance with the *Assessment and Feedback Framework* and related policies (including *Academic Appeals*, *Academic Misconduct*, *Assessment Board*, *Assessment Moderation*, *Extenuating Circumstances* and *Preparation and Conduct of Examinations*) which shall be amended from time to time.

18. The methods of assessment will be in accordance with demonstrating the achievement of all intended learning outcomes for a module. Each module shall normally be assessed by one or more of the following methods:

- coursework
- observation
- project
- teaching practice
- portfolio
- presentation / seminar
- professional discussion
- micro-teach.

19. In addition to the specified module assessment, exceptionally, viva voce examinations may be undertaken to determine the module outcome.

Marking of modules

20. Each component of summative assessment (i.e. assessment used to indicate the extent of a student's success in achieving the intended learning outcomes of the module) will be marked on a percentage scale, with 40% representing the pass mark for Level 6 modules and 50% representing the pass mark for Level 7 modules. Where there is more than one component of assessment within a module, each component must be passed in order to pass the module, with each component contributing a pre-determined percentage to the overall module mark (rounded to the nearest integer).

21. Where approved at validation, individual components of assessment or whole modules may be marked on a pass / fail basis with no percentage mark awarded, and in some instances with no credit attached. Professional practice modules will normally be marked on a pass / fail basis with credit awarded for a pass mark.

22. Where students have passed a module, they cannot re-take it in an attempt to achieve a higher mark.

Non-completion of assessment (leading to referral and reassessment)

23. Students must submit all work for summative assessment by the notified deadline. Failure to submit work by the deadline without valid reason (i.e. without having requested and been granted an extension to the deadline or having presented acceptable extenuating circumstances under the terms of the *Extenuating Circumstances Policy*) will result in the term NWS (no work submitted) being recorded for the relevant component of assessment and will result in referral in the module overall.

24. Where students fail to attend a professional practice assessment or examination without demonstrating a valid reason in accordance with the terms of the *Extenuating Circumstances Policy*, the term NWS (no work submitted) will be recorded for the relevant component of assessment and will result in referral in the module overall.

25. In both cases (non-completion of coursework or non-attendance at professional practice assessments or examinations), the student will have the opportunity to be reassessed once only in the component(s) not completed. The maximum mark attainable for the component(s) upon reassessment will be 40% for Level 6 modules or 50% for Level 7 modules. The overall module outcome will be determined in the normal way (see 'marking of modules' above).

Failure to pass a module (leading to referral and reassessment)

26. Where a student submits work but fails to achieve an overall pass mark for the module, the overall module outcome will be recorded as a referral and the student will have the opportunity to be reassessed once only in those components of assessment not passed. In such cases of reassessment, the maximum mark attainable for the reassessed component will be 40% for Level 6 modules or 50% for Level 7 modules. The overall module outcome will be determined in the normal way (see 'marking of modules' above). Where students have passed a component of assessment, they cannot re-take it in an attempt to achieve a higher mark.

Failure in a module (after a reassessment opportunity)

27. If, after the reassessment opportunity, the overall module mark is still not of pass standard, the student will be deemed to have failed the module. In such circumstances, the relevant Assessment Board would normally permit the student to retake the module with attendance, subject to the student having demonstrated sufficient engagement with their studies. The student will be permitted **one attempt only** at the component(s) of assessment that they have not already successfully completed. Marks from successfully completed components will normally carry forward (and cannot be retaken), unless the assessment methods for the module have changed since the student took the module or where components of assessment build upon each other in some way. In these situations, students repeating the module will be expected to complete all components of assessment, regardless of previous results.

28. The overall module outcome will be determined in the normal way (see 'marking of modules' above). The maximum mark attainable for the module overall will be 40% for Level 6 modules or 50% for Level 7 modules.

29. Failure in a retaken module will result in termination of the student's studies on that course.

Deferral in a module

30. Consideration of deferral cases is undertaken in accordance with the *Extenuating Circumstances Policy*.

31. If the Extenuating Circumstances Panel deems that a student has presented acceptable evidence of extenuating circumstances in relation to one or more components of assessment, those components of assessment will be deemed "deferred" and the student will be given the

opportunity to attempt (or re-attempt) those components of assessment at a later date as determined by the relevant Assessment Board.

32. If deferral relates to a first attempt at component(s) of assessment, the full range of marks will be available. If deferral relates to a previously referred piece of work, the student will be given a further opportunity to re-attempt the assessment under the terms of the original referral (i.e. with marks capped at either component or module level in accordance with paragraphs 25, 26 and 28 above).

33. Continuation or repetition of deferral status will be considered only if the relevant Assessment Board is advised by the Extenuating Circumstances Panel that it has received what it deems to be further acceptable evidence of extenuating circumstances.

34. If the relevant Assessment Board approves a deferral and believes that it is in the student's best interest to repeat the module with attendance (for example if they have not had adequate opportunity to engage fully with the learning activities associated with the module), marks for components successfully completed at an earlier stage will normally be carried forward where the assessment methods for the module remain unchanged, components of assessment are not co-dependent, and the module continues to be offered, unless the Assessment Board determines that there are exceptional circumstances that warrant the student completing all components of assessment for the module as if for the first time. Those components for which the student has previously been referred will be marked in accordance with the terms of the original referral (i.e. with marks capped at either component or module level in accordance with paragraphs 25, 26 and 28 above).

35. Where assessment methods for a module have changed since the deferral or where components of assessment build upon each other in some way, students repeating the module following a deferral will be expected to complete all components of assessment regardless of previous results. In such cases, students will be eligible for the full range of marks, unless they have previously failed the module after a reassessment opportunity and are subject to capping of the module mark at the pass mark (in accordance with paragraph 28 above).

Intercalation

36. Consideration of intercalation cases is undertaken in accordance with the *Extenuating Circumstances Policy*.

37. Where an application to intercalate is approved, any assessment completed prior to the date of intercalation will be presented to the Assessment Board for the result to be ratified. If no work was submitted for a component by the notified deadline where that deadline was prior to the date of intercalation, or where the student failed to attend a scheduled assessment prior to the date of the intercalation, the result will be recorded as a referral. If an application for extenuating circumstances has been approved, the result will be recorded as a deferral.

38. On the student's return to the module following a period of intercalation, previous marks for components (including deferrals and referrals for academic failure or non-submission/attendance) will normally be carried forward provided the assessment methods for the module remain unchanged, components of assessment are not co-dependent, and the module continues to be offered, unless the Assessment Board determines that there are exceptional circumstances that warrant the student completing all components of assessment for the module as if for the first time.

39. When a student returns from a period of intercalation, the following should be implemented for those component(s) of assessment not yet successfully completed:

- a. Where there are no previous referrals or deferrals for the outstanding component(s) of assessment, the student will have the opportunity to take the component(s) with the full range of marks available. The overall module outcome will be determined in the normal way (see 'marking of modules' above).
- b. Where there are previous deferrals for the outstanding component(s) of assessment, if the deferral relates to a first attempt at the component(s), the student will have the opportunity to be re-assessed in the component(s) with the full range of marks available. The overall module outcome will be determined in the normal way (see 'marking of modules' above). If the deferral relates to a previously referred piece of work, the student will be given a further opportunity to re-attempt the assessment under the terms of the original referral (i.e. with marks capped at the pass mark at either component or module level in accordance with paragraphs 25, 26 and 28 above).
- c. Where there are previous referrals for the outstanding component(s) of assessment, the student will have the opportunity to re-attempt the component(s) under the terms of the original referral (i.e. with marks capped at the pass mark at either component or module level in accordance with paragraphs 25, 26 and 28 above).

40. Where the assessment methods for the module have changed during the period of intercalation or where components of assessment build upon each other in some way, students

repeating the module following a period of intercalation will be expected to complete all components of assessment, regardless of previous results. In such cases, students will be eligible for the full range of marks, unless they have previously failed the module after a reassessment opportunity and are subject to capping of the module mark at the pass mark (in accordance with paragraph 28 above).

Notification of results

41. An Assessment Board will be constituted in accordance with the *Assessment Board Procedure* for each course (or cognate set of courses as agreed with the Academic Registrar). The purpose of such Boards will be to consider and determine the assessment marks of all candidates and determine eligibility for progression and the final award. Schedules for Assessment Boards will be published to students along with dates for results publication.

42. In line with the good practice of providing timely feedback to students, the provisional outcomes of marked and moderated assessment may be given to students before the Assessment Board has formally approved results. Such feedback must be clearly identified as subject to final ratification by the Assessment Board, and therefore subject to potential amendment by the Board.

43. The early release of unratified marks is to facilitate an early opportunity for students to begin to address referred work that will need to be redeemed after the Assessment Board has ratified the result. It is not an opportunity for students to resubmit referred work as a first attempt before the Board ratifies the mark.

Award outcomes and classifications

44. In order to be eligible for the award and to be recommended for accreditation as a qualified teacher in accordance with current statutory requirements for teacher training, students are required to successfully pass all mandatory modules; meet the credit requirements for the award as outlined in paragraph 15 above; and meet all other relevant statutory requirements for teacher training.

45. The final outcomes of the Professional Graduate Certificate in Education and the Postgraduate Certificate in Education will be defined only in terms of Pass or Fail. However, student transcripts for these awards will indicate the level of a student's performance in the individual modules completed.

Aegrotat award

46. An Aegrotat award may be recommended when the Assessment Board does not have enough evidence of the student's performance to recommend the award for which the student was a candidate, but where the Assessment Board is satisfied that but for illness or other valid cause the student would have reached the standard required.

47. An Aegrotat award is considered to be the final award. Students accepting an Aegrotat award may not re-apply to the same course.

48. Aegrotat awards from courses where the intended award leads to professional registration with a PSRB do not confer eligibility for registration with that PSRB.

Posthumous award

49. In the event of a candidate's death, the awarding Assessment Board may award a certificate *post obitum* provided that it is satisfied that there is sufficient evidence that the candidate would have successfully completed the intended award and that the candidate had successfully completed at least two-thirds of the programme of study.

Recognition of credit without an award

50. Where a student achieves credit by passing modules but is not eligible for an award within this framework, a student transcript will be issued identifying credit gained and the level of achievement in the module(s) completed.

Academic appeals

51. Students have a right to appeal against decisions of the Assessment Board in accordance with the *Academic Appeals Policy* which is available, together with appeal forms, on MySuffolk.

52. Any appeal should be made within fifteen working days of the date of written publication of results by the relevant Assessment Board.

Academic or professional misconduct

53. Allegations of academic misconduct, including cheating and plagiarism, will be dealt with as outlined in the *Academic Misconduct Policy*. In the first instance, all allegations will be reported to the Academic Registrar. In cases where investigations into allegations of academic misconduct are ongoing, Assessment Boards will record a deferred decision (DD) mark in

respect of any component marks implicated in the allegations, and in respect of the modules which the component(s) form part.

54. Allegations of professional misconduct or professional unsuitability will be dealt with as outlined in the *Fitness to Practise Procedure*.

Conferral of awards

55. Conferral occurs at a formal award ceremony and a student may not receive an award parchment or official transcript or use his/her award title until formal conferral has taken place. If proof of the award is required at an earlier date (for example to enable a student to gain employment), a letter confirming completion of studies may be obtained from Registry Services.